

5/8



San Francisco Public Library

Government Information Center San Francisco Public Library 100 Larkin Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, CA 94102

REFERENCE BOOK

Not to be taken from the Library

In f not indas



-Herbert Muschamp

OLD MAIN TO NEW

As the Library's original support group, it was fitting that the Friends launched a "Farewell Old Friend" campaign to mark the closure of the old Main. They distributed thousands of postcards which came back with fond memories and poignant poems.

Library staff and the public said goodbye to the old Main on New Year's Eve, 1995. Then, for three months, staff reorganized, labeled, mapped and moved a million books, approximately five million government documents, three million photographs, 150,000 bound periodicals and seven thousand videos. They also processed more than 63,000 new books, 3,500 new videos and 3,000 new CDs.

Left behind was a building constructed in 1917, which reached capacity in 1944. Much of the stack area had been off limits to the public for six years, due to earthquake damage. Former hallways and closets served as office space. The wiring reflected the electrical needs of the early 1900s.

A small group of community activists had begun to plan for the future by the early 1960s. But it took decades more and the participation of thousands before a new Main rose in Civic Center.

Those plans eventually grew into the largest public-private partnership in San Francisco history. Financed through \$104.5 million in bond funds and \$22 million in private donations, the new Main opened on April 18, 1996 with more than twice the space of the former building and five times the seating capacity.

Wired for the 21st century, this library has been equipped with almost 400 computer terminals serving patrons and

I met my husband at the old ain in the fall of 1964. I was doing research on my M.A. thesis and he was a reference librarian. We met at the card file. He took me out for coffee. We were married the next year, and celebrated our 30th anniversary last year.

3 1223 06446 3483

staff. Special software equipment in Deaf Services, the Library for the Blind and Print Handicapped, the Learning Differences Collection and throughout the building offer increased information and materials access for patrons with disabilities.

Larger than any individual branch, the Children's Center carries circulating materials in more than 50 languages. Multimedia terminals in the Electronic Discovery Center offer dozens of educational software programs. On the Lower Level, an auditorium, meeting rooms, gallery space and a café complement the building's function –

expanding its role as a community center and venue for unique programs and exhibitions.

Most importantly, the excitement generated by the opening of the new Main reminded San Franciscans of the wonderful resource they have in their own neighborhoods. Patrons relied on their branches while the old Main was closed. Circulation continued to increase from April to the end of the fiscal year in June at almost every one of the 26 branches that make up the San Francisco Public Library system.

Architects James
Ingo Freed of Pei
Cobb Freed e³
Partners (New York)
and Cathy Simon of
Simon Martin-Vegue
Winkelstein Moris
(San Francisco) have
a word on Opening
Day. Festivities were
inaugurated by
Mayor Willie Brown.





When the doors of the new Main Library opened to the tune of Aaron Copland's Fanfare for the Common Man on April 18, 1996, all of San Francisco indeed had cause for celebration

After more than thirty years of tireless lobbying, fundraising, demonstrating and voting, the City had a cultural center that has become a source of pride to its patrons, an attraction for visitors and a symbol of the future for the library world.

In a recent survey, the San Francisco
Public Library – the Main and 26 branches
– was considered to be the City
department most valued by residents
for its staff service.

That vote of confidence reinforces our mission – to provide free and equal access to information, knowledge, independent learning and the joys of reading for our diverse community.

Toward that end, we introduced the Internet and other online databases in this landmark year, becoming the largest provider of free public access in California.

The Chinatown branch library, the most widely used branch in the system, moved back home to a renovated building that more than doubled in size. The Portola branch reopened in a new, larger site.

We launched a Literacy Van and an expedited reference service, Library Express. The Harvey Milk Archives and Scott Smith Collection were acquired. Almost 300,000 new books and other materials contributed to a 20% increase in circulation.

The new Main and expanded branches have attracted thousands of new card holders who can choose from more than two million books, millions of govern-

I Cannot

 $A \quad N \quad E \quad W \quad E \quad R \quad A$



Digital technology is revolutionizing the way we communicate, store and retrieve information. So it is not surprising that the new Main, built to accommodate this technology, would become a focus of national debate on the changing nature of public libraries.

Some critics have urged the retention of the cabinet-bound card catalog in addition to the online catalog. Others have been concerned that technological resources might take precedence over books and other materials.

Everyone agrees, however, that the ability of the public library to help close the "information gap" between those with access to these resources and those without makes the institution essential to sustaining a democracy.

The public library, once a repository for the written word, is now, foremost, about access – to all forms of materials, in all kinds of places.

In just one month of operation, the Library's Internet address was accessed almost 64,000 times. Patrons unfamiliar with digital resources may take our orientation classes. For preschoolers in public housing, we operate a Children's Bookmobile. For those homebound with AIDS, we provide a Friends for Life volunteer.

Enabling access can be as technical as an online civic conference between the Mayor and high school students, facilitated by library staff, or as simple as the ramps and wide spaces between shelves for wheelchairs.

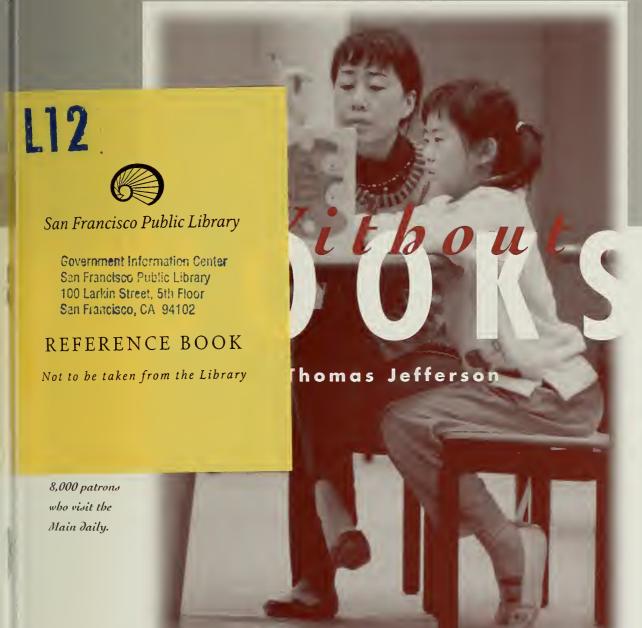
Providing access also means acquiring the materials that enrich our common history as residents of the Bay Area, such as the Spanish diaries of Yerba Buena's early Mexican rulers, or the recent gift of an 1895 program of the Afro-American Congress of California.

It also means making archival material available. The San Francisco Digital Library now includes more than 3,000 digitized items from our photograph collection, as well as sheet music from the Dorothy Starr Music Collection. The images are now available on 11 multimedia workstations in the Main Library.

ment documents, thousands of video and audio tapes, CDs, periodicals, photos and several special collections, as well as up-to-date electronic resources.

Tens of thousands more have discovered the library through our increased number of programs, training sessions, exhibitions and use of meeting rooms. Whether it be through the Children's Electronic Discovery Center, a citizenship test sampler in Chinese or Spanish, a novel, or simply the space where people meet to discuss the issues of the day, the San Francisco Public Library is an institution truly open to all possibilities.

Nemeth E. Dorli



San Francisco Public Library

ion reasons to

Over



When the doors of the new Main Library opened to the tune of Aaron Copland's Fanfare for the Common Man on April 18, 1996, all of San Francisco indeed had cause for celebration.

After more than thirty years of tireless lobbying, fundraising, demonstrating and voting, the City had a cultural center that has become a source of pride to its patrons, an attraction for visitors and a symbol of the future for the library world.

In a recent survey, the San Francisco
Public Library – the Main and 26 branches
– was considered to be the City
department most valued by residents
for its staff service.

That vote of confidence reinforces our mission – to provide free and equal access to information, knowledge, independent learning and the joys of reading for our diverse community.

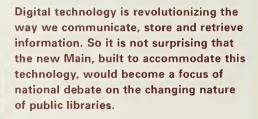
Toward that end, we introduced the Internet and other online databases in this landmark year, becoming the largest provider of free public access in California.

The Chinatown branch library, the most widely used branch in the system, moved back home to a renovated building that more than doubled in size. The Portola branch reopened in a new, larger site.

We launched a Literacy Van and an expedited reference service, Library Express. The Harvey Milk Archives and Scott Smith Collection were acquired. Almost 300,000 new books and other materials contributed to a 20% increase



$A \quad N \quad E \quad W \quad E \quad R \quad A$



Some critics have urged the retention of the cabinet-bound card catalog in addition to the online catalog. Others have been concerned that technological resources might take precedence over books and other materials.

Everyone agrees, however, that the ability of the public library to help close the "information gap" between those with access to these resources and those without makes the institution essential to sustaining a democracy.

The public library, once a repository for the written word, is now, foremost, about access – to all forms of materials, in all kinds of places.

In just one month of operation, the Library's Internet address was accessed almost 64,000 times. Patrons unfamiliar ramps and wide spaces between shelves for wheelchairs.

Providing access also means acquiring the materials that enrich our common history as residents of the Bay Area, such as the Spanish diaries of Yerba Buena's early Mexican rulers, or the recent gift of an 1895 program of the Afro-American Congress of California.

It also means making archival material available. The San Francisco Digital Library now includes more than 3,000 digitized items from our photograph collection, as well as sheet music from the Dorothy Starr Music Collection. The images are now available on 11 multimedia workstations in the Main Library.



ment documents, thousands of video and audio tapes, CDs, periodicals, photos and several special collections, as well as up-to-date electronic resources.

Tens of thousands more have discovered the library through our increased number of programs, training sessions, exhibitions and use of meeting rooms.

Pamela Yang helps her mother with English. They are two of the approximately 8,000 patrons who visit the Main daily.

Whether it be through the Children's **Electronic Discovery Center, a citizenship** test sampler in Chinese or Spanish, a novel, or simply the space where people meet to discuss the issues of the day, the San Francisco Public Library is an institution truly open to all possibilities.

Nemeth E. Donli

Live -Thomas Jefferson

S S G **(1)**

The Library Foundation of San Francisco focused this year on raising the final \$3.75 million for the new Main – putting the campaign begun in 1988 over the top. More than 15,000 businesses, foundations and individuals contributed, including over 4,000 donors who worked to create diverse community "affinity groups." These groups added more than five million dollars to the ultimate total of \$36 million – funding which meant the difference between a bare bones facility and a state-of-the-art library in which the City could take pride.

In December, the Foundation held a "Goodbye to the old Main" evening as a kick-off toward raising funds for two free public events. Public Dedication Day celebrated the new Main in true San Francisco style. On April 18th, more than 14,000 visitors passed through the doors, after watching a parachutist drop from the sky to deliver the key to Mayor Willie Brown.

Three days later, the Foundation sponsored Family Day, co-chaired by Robin and Marsha-Williams. Thousands of children brought parents to see the library, explore the Electronic Discovery Center, and enjoy readings by authors and other celebrities.

The Foundation also completed the campaign to remodel and expand the Chinatown branch. Private gifts of more than \$500,000 paid for furniture, fixtures, equipment and a roof garden. The branch's reopening in June was cause for a major neighborhood celebration funded by the Foundation.

As part of its expanded exhibitions program, the Foundation also sponsored the "Gateway to Gold Mountain" exhibit at the new Main, in association with the Angel Island Foundation. Photographs, essays and poetry portrayed the experience of thousands of Asian immigrants entering the United States via Angel Island, from 1910 to 1940. The Foundation also funded two other major exhibits.

Next year, the Foundation plans to support expanded collections in the branches, as well as branch renovations. They will produce fundraising events to benefit the children's branch collections and special projects identified by the library, with new gifts totaling more than two million dollars. In addition, the Foundation manages the after-hours space rental program to generate much needed operating funds for the library.

Lion dancers help
open the expanded
Chinatown Branch
Library.



Imaginia

Leading library supporters join Robin Williams and young friends in celebrating Family Day.









Velina Brown and
Peter Macon chat in
a scene from the
Langston Hughes
story "The Blues
I'm Playing,"
presented by the
Word for Word

Theater Company.
Support from
the Friends made
performances
possible during
Black History
Month.

FRIENDS OF THE LIBRARY

Above left: Marjorie
Stern cheeks out
the first book,
surrounded
by fellow library
activists Mary
Louise Stong and
Charlotte Swig,
as well as Mayor
Willie Brown.

It was no coincidence that Marjorie Stern, co-founder of Friends of the Library, checked out the first book on Opening Day – A Free Library in this City, by Peter Booth Wiley. Leading up to that simple act was more than 35 years of determined lobbying by Stern, along with Mary Louise Stong, Mig Mayer and a small group of activists for a new library that would befit the stature of San Francisco.

Three months later, almost a million books had been borrowed throughout the system. The Friends responded by initiating a new program – *Grants to Branches*. All 26 branch libraries, plus the Main, received grants to improve patron service. The Friends also provided funds to complete a skylight in the newspaper/periodical room of the newly renovated Chinatown branch.

-Simone Weil

During the year, the Friends administered more than half a million dollars in grants to the library. They funded nearly 300 programs and performances at all the branches and the Main – from dramatic performances and lectures for adults to storytelling and magic shows for children.

To publicize the programs, they continued to publish At the Public Library, a free monthly newsletter and calendar of library events distributed at all library branches and to more than 2000 Friends

members and community leaders.

A new business venture at the Main –
the Friends' Library Store helped support
these programs through proceeds
from the sale of its unique books and
literary gifts.

Their financial support enlivened the library's celebrations of the Children's Multicultural Arts Festival and Black History Month. Lion dance performances at 20 branches ushered in the Chinese New Year. Additional funds secured for the Children's Summer Reading Program increased the number of young participants by 27%. Almost a third more children than last year completed the program. Book Buddies, coordinated by the Friends, continued training volunteers to read to hospitalized children.

Other programs funded volunteer coordination, community outreach, continuing education for library staff, and special collections development. Generous book donations from the public allowed the Friends to contribute three dozen rare books to the Library's Special Collections.

Hundreds of dedicated Friends volunteers contributed thousands of hours – helping to raise money through work at the Book Bay Bookstore and book donation sorting room at Fort Mason, assisting patrons at the Welcome Desk in the Main Library, supporting the office staff, and serving as ambassadors to neighborhood branch libraries.

Ever ready to meet a challenge, the Friends will focus on improving the quality and service at neighborhood branches during the coming year.

Photo Credits

Front and Back Cover: "Functional and Fantasy Stair" by Alice Aycock, Main Library photo: Don Krause

Little Girl photo: Karen Preuss

Page 3: Little Girl, photo: Karen Preuss

Page 4: Farewell Old Friend, postcard design: Daniel Madrid

Joshua Young and Michael Scott, photo: Katy Raddatz, San Francisco Examiner

Page 5: Larkin Street Entrance, Main Library photo: Don Krause

James Ingo Freed and Cathy Simon Architects, new Main Library photo: Jo Fielder

Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. photo: Jo Fielder

Page 6: Kenneth E. Dowlin photo: Russell Yip, San Francisco Chronicle

Page 6: Young Woman Reading photo: Steve Fisch

Page 7: Mother and Child photo: Steve Fisch

Thomas Jefferson/ SFPL quote: c/o McCann Erickson Advertising, SF

Page 8:
"Constellation"
by Nayland Blake,
Main Library
photo: Craig Mole
Robin Williams

photo: Jo Fielder

Chinatown Opening Celebration photo: Helen Wong Flores

Charlotte Swig, Steven A. Coulter, Greg McIntyre, Dale Carlson photo: Jo Fielder

Page 9: Marjorie Stern, Mary Louise Stong, Charlotte Swig, Mayor Willie L. Brown, Jr. photo: Jo Fielder

Actors from "Word for Word" Theater Company photo: Jaime Kibben

Page 10: Daniel Flanagan, Conservation Technician photo: Eli Bishop

Inside Back Cover: Bernal Heights Branch Library, photo: Margie O'Driscoll

Annual Report Credits

Project Director/
Editor
Eleanor Shapiro
Design
The GNU Group,
Berkeley, CA
Community
Relations Support
Marcia Schneider,
Daniel Madrid,
Sandy Kwan
Printer
The Dot Printer,
Burlingame, CA

This report was partially funded by the Friends of the San Francisco Public Library.

Willie Lewis Brown, Jr. *May*or

Library Commission

Steven A. Coulter President Fran A. Streets Vice President Sherry Agnos Lonnie K. Chin Charles A. Higueras, A.I.A. Ernest H. Llorente Carol Steiman

Library Administration

Kenneth E. Dowlin City Librarian Toni Bernardi Coordinator of Children's Services

Margaret Culver Commission Secretary

Mary Downey
Finance Director
Kathleen Murray
Personnel Officer

Nancy Musser Chief of Technical Services

Kathy Page
Chief of Main
David Price
Special Assistant
to City Librarian
Cathy Sanford
Director of

Automation
Marcia Schneider
Chief of
Branches and
Communications

Eleanor Shapiro Community Relations

Richard Walsh Facilities and Operations Library Foundation of San Francisco Board of Directors

Leslie L. Luttaens Chair, 1996-James M. Edgar Chair, 1988-1996 Tatwina Chinn Lee Vice-Chair Ben W. Dial Treasurer **Kermit Boston** Dale A. Carlson George C. Chen Hector J. Chinchilla Arthur H. Coleman, M.D. Renee Dorsey Coleman Carlota del Portillo, Ph.D. Karen M. Ens Charles Q. Forester Michael Garland Lance Henderson Caryl Mezey Peter Mezey Ellen Newman **Rudy Nothenberg** Marjorie G. Stern Charlotte Mailliard Swig Olive Gamble Waugh

Steven A. Coulter Kenneth E. Dowlin Ellen Huppert Ex Officio

Ann Witter-Gillette

Sherry Thomas
Executive Director

Friends of the San Francisco Public Library Board of Directors

John R. Lazarus President Ellen Huppert First Vice President Ann Anderson Secretary Cynthia Adam Treasurer Barbara Berman **Ruth Cowan** Deborah Doyle Diane Filippi Al Greening Al Hart Dwight Horn Carol Kocivar Geralyne Mahoney Greg Pabst Joe Rosenthal Christine Metz Anne Steinberg Marjorie G. Stern Stephanie Stokes Martha Sullivan

Steven A. Coulter JoAnn Foo *Ex Offici*o

Mauricio Vela

Mary Louise Stong Emeritus Kenneth E. Dowlin Non-Voting

Margie O'Driscoll

Executive Director





